

# **FAN7000D**

## Low Power Amplifier

### **Features**

- · Low Quiescent Current
- High Power Supply Ripple Rejection
- Low Voltage Operation
- A few of External Part Required
- Built in Power Save Switch & Mute Switch

### **Typical Applications**

- Portable Compact Disk Player (DISCMAN)
- Portable Mini Disk Player (MD)
- Disc-Man
- MP3 Player
- CD-ROM
- Other Potable Compact Disk Media Fan Motor Drive

### **Description**

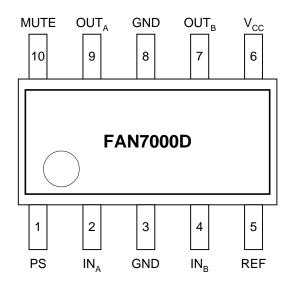
The FAN7000D is a monolithic integrated circuit and suitable dual amplifier for low power.



### **Ordering Information**

Device	Package	Operating Temp.			
FAN7000D	10-SSOP-225	-20°C ~ +75°C			
FAN7000DTF	10-SSOP-225	-20°C ~ +75°C			

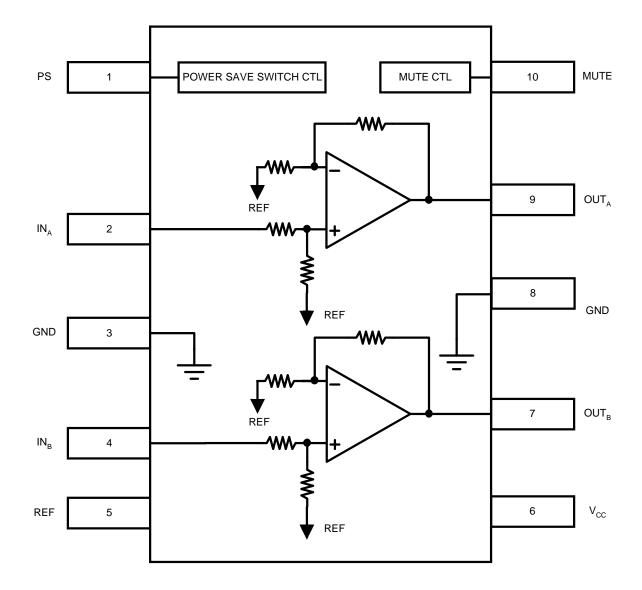
## **Pin Assignments**



### **Pin Definitions**

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Function Description
1	PS	Power Save Switch
2	INA	Signal Input A
3	GND	Signal Ground
4	INB	Signal Input B
5	REF	Reference Voltage
6	Vcc	Supply Voltage
7	OUTB	Signal Output B
8	GND	Power Ground
9	OUTA	Signal Output A
10	MUTE	Mute On Switch

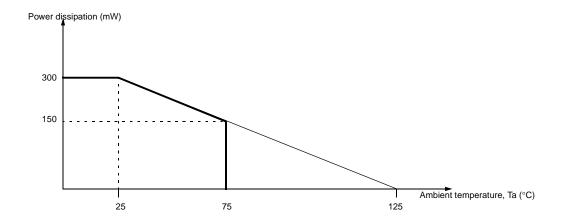
## **Internal Block Diagram**



## Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit	Remark
Maximum Supply Voltage	Vcc	4.5	V	Maximum Supply Voltage
Power Dissipation	PD	300	mW	Power Dissipation
Operating Temperature	TOPR	-20 ~ +75	°C	Operating Temperature
Storage Temperature	TSTG	-55 ~ +125	°C	Storage Temperature
Thermal Resistance	Tja	150	°C/W	-

## **Power Dissipation Curve**



## Recommended Operating Conditions (Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Operating Supply Voltage	Vcc	1.8	3.0	4.0	V
Recommended Load	RL	16	-	32	Ω

## **Electrical Characteristics** (RL = $16\Omega$ , Rg = $600\Omega$ , Ta = $25^{\circ}$ C)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Quiescent Current 1	ICC1	Vcc = 2.4V	-	5.5	10.0	mA
Quiescent Current 2	ICC2	VCC = 4.5V, Mute = GND	-	1.0	2.0	mA
Quiescent Current 3	ICC3	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5V, PS = GND	-	-	1.0	μΑ
Close Loop Voltage Gain 1	G <sub>VC1</sub>	V <sub>C</sub> C = 2.4V, f = 1kHz, V <sub>O</sub> = -10dBm	30	32	34	dB
Close Loop Voltage Gain 2	G <sub>VC1</sub>	V <sub>C</sub> C = 1.8V, f = 1kHz, V <sub>O</sub> = -20dBm	29	32	34	dB
Channel Balance 1	$\Delta G_{V1}$	VCC = 2.4V, f = 1kHz, VO = -10dBm	-	-	1.0	dB
Channel Balance 2	$\Delta G_{V2}$	VCC = 1.8V, f = 1kHz, VO = -20dBm	-	-	1.0	dB
Total Harmonic Distortion	THD	VCC = 2.0V, f = 1kHz, PO = 1mW	-	0.5	1.5	%
Ripple Rejection Ratio	RR	$VCC = 1.8V$ , $f = 100Hz$ , $Rg = 1k\Omega$ , $VR = -20dBm$ , $BPF = 100Hz$	43	60	-	dB
Crosstalk	СТ	$V_{CC} = 2.4V, f = 100Hz,$ $Rg = 1k\Omega, V_{O} = -10dB$	43	50	-	dB
Output Noise Voltage	VNOISE	$V_{CC}$ = 4.5V, Rg = 1kΩ, BPF = 20Hz ~ 20kHz	-	60	100	μVrms
Output Power	Роит	VCC = 3.0V, f = 1kHz, THD = 10%	20	40	1	mW
PS Attenuation Ratio	ATTPS	VCC = 1.8V, f = 100Hz, PS = GND, V <sub>IN</sub> = -10dB	-	-	-80	dB
MUTE Attenuation Ratio	ATTMU	VCC = 1.8V, f = 100Hz, MUTE = GND, V <sub>IN</sub> = -10dB	_	-	-80	dB
PS ON Input Current	IPSON	VCC = 1.5V, VREF ≥ 0.85V	-	0.2	1.0	μΑ
MUTE OFF Input Current	IMOFF	VCC = 1.5V, V <sub>REF</sub> ≥ 0.85V	-	0.2	1.0	μΑ
PS ON High Level	VHPS	VCC = 1.5V, VREF ≥ 0.85V	0.5	0.65	-	V
MUTE OFF High Level	Vнмu	VCC = 1.5V, VREF ≥ 0.85V	0.5	0.65	-	V

### **Application Information**

#### 1. PS Block

This block diagram describes the power save switch circuits.

The drive block is controlled by PS pin, which can be derived from micro controller.

It controls bias of the internal circuits of FAN7000D, so that it makes FAN7000D operate when input voltage level reaches high level.

#### 2. Mute Block

The block diagram describes the mute on switch circuits.

The drive block is controlled by MUTE pin, which can be derived from micro controller.

When the pin of mute turns on, it makes reference voltage of internal circuits approximately 0V, so that it keeps the device of FAN7000D off.

#### 3. AMP Block

This block diagram describes the AMP block with resistances, which control gain of FAN7000D.

The gain of FAN7000D is 
$$\frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}} \cong 40 \cong 32[dB]$$

Output voltage of FAN7000D can be 40 times as much as input voltage, so it eliminates the number of external circuits and offers headphone input.

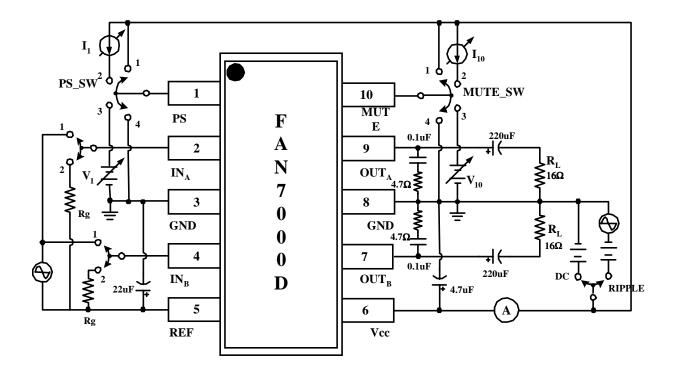
### 4. Popping Noise Reduction

If PS pin (Pin1, Power save switch) connect the micro controller, the micro controller must follow the same sequence 1 in order to reduce popping noise on mute mode.

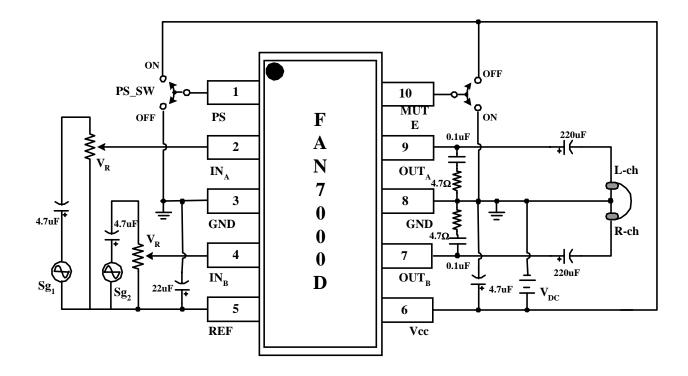
PS on  $\rightarrow$  Mute on  $\rightarrow$  PS off  $\rightarrow$  Mute operation  $\rightarrow$  PS on  $\rightarrow$  Mute off  $\rightarrow$  Normal operation (Sequence 1) If PS connect VCC, the micro controller follow the sequence 2.

Mute on  $\rightarrow$  Mute Operation  $\rightarrow$  Mute off  $\rightarrow$  Normal operation (Sequence 2)

### **Test Circuits**

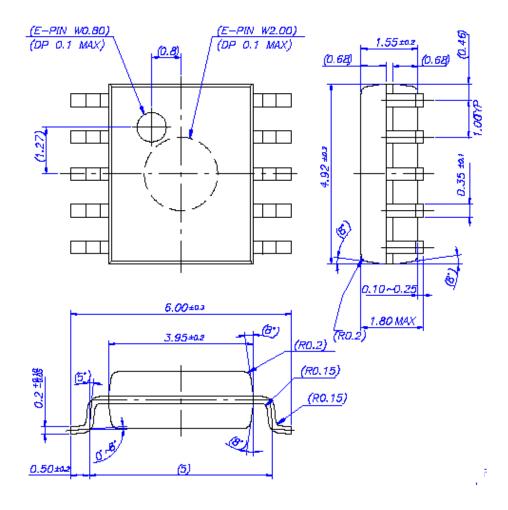


## **Typical Application Circuits**



## **Package Dimensions**

## 10-SSOP-225



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