

DATA SHEET

KBPC6005 THRU KBPC610

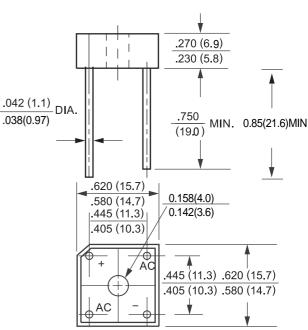
TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS OFPbSINGLE-PHASE SILICON BRIDGE RECTIFIERVOLTAGE RANGE - 50 to 1000Volts CURRENT - 6.0 AmperesKBPC Unit:inch(mm)

FEATURES

Surge overload rating: 125 Amperes peak Low forward voltage drop Small size: simple installation High temperature soldering : 260^oC / 10 seconds at terminals Pb free product at available : 99% Sn above meet RoHS environment substance directive request

MECHANICAL DATA

Case: Molded plastic Epoxy: UL 94V-0 rate flame retardant Lead: MIL-STD-202E, Method 208 guaranteed Polarity: Symbols molded or marked on body Mounting position: Any Weight: 6.1 grams



MAXIMUM RATINGS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ratings at 25 oC ambient temperature unless otherwise specified. Single phase, half wave, 60 Hz, resistive or inductive load. For capacitive load, derate current by 20%.

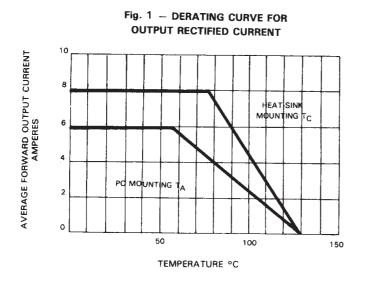
PARAMETER		SYMBOL	KBPC 6005	KBPC 601	KBPC 602	KBPC 604	KBPC 606	KBPC 608	KBPC 610	UNITS
Maximum Recurrent Peak Reverse Voltage		VRRM	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	Volts
Maximum RMS Bridge Input Voltage		VRMS	35	70	140	280	420	560	700	Volts
Maximum DC Blocking Voltage		VDC	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	Volts
Maximum Average Forward Rectified Output Current at Tc = 50oC		ю	6.0							Amps
Peak Forward Surge Current 8.3 ms single half sine-wave superimposed on rated load (JEDEC method)		IFSM	125						Amps	
Maximum Forward Voltage Drop per element at 3.0A DC		VF	1.0						Volts	
Maximum CD Reverse Current at Rated	@TA = 25	15	5.0							uAmps
DC Blocking Voltage per element	@TC = 100	IR	500							
I2t Rating for Fusing (t<8.3ms)		l2t	127						A2Sec	
Typical Junction Capacitance (Note1)		CJ	166						pF	
Operating Temperature Range		TJ	-55 to + 125							
Storage Temperature Range		TSTG	-55 to + 150							

NOTES : 1.Measured at 1 MHZ and applied reverse voltage of 4.0 volts

2. Thermal Resistance from Junction to Ambient and from junction to lead mounted on P.C.B. with 0.5 x 0.5" (13x13mm) copper pads.

DEVICE CHARACTERISTICS

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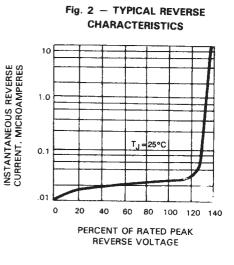


Fig. 3 - MAXIMUM FORWARD SURGE CURRENT

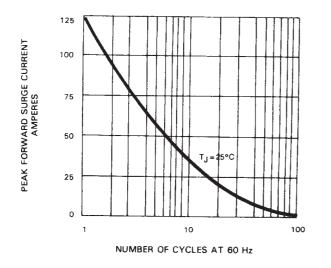


Fig. 4-TYPICAL INSTANTANEOUS FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS

